

HMG Powder Coatings Limited

Dill Road, Castlereagh Industrial Estate, Belfast, BT6 9HU Tel. +44 (028) 9079 4930 Fax. +44 (028) 9040 1187 www.hmgpowdercoatings.co.uk sales@hmgpowdercoatings.co.uk

Luminescent Polyester

Part of the 837 Series

Product Description

Luminescence is the phenomenon whereby light energy (usually ultraviolet) is absorbed and emitted as visible light energy. Depending on the speed of the transition from ultraviolet light to visible light, the effect can be categorised as either fluorescent, or phosphorescent. Luminescent pigments incorporated into coatings can provide an effect that is not just visually stunning, not also has a functional character.

Fluorescent

Our fluorescent range of products reflect more visible light energy than they absorb, creating a superbright coloured effect, that has applicability for warning signs, personal protective equipment or other important notices. To maintain the highest brightness, the coatings are supplied as a two coat system, requiring a white base coat.

Phosphorescent

Commonly called 'Glow in the Dark' coatings, these products maintain their visible light emission over a prolonged period. Available in a green, or blue, they are often used on personal protective equipment, evacuation signs, as well as for novelty items and the entertainments industry. This products form part of a clear over base system, with the phosphorescent pigment in the clear top coat.

Key Benefits	High luminescence / visibility			
Powder Properties	Chemistry	A thermosetting polyester resin system with a multifunctional curing agent.		
	Application	Corona electrostatic. The system can be modified for Tribo application as required.		
	Coating Thickness (DF	General recommendation is 60-100 microns (μ m), with a minimum thickness of 60 μ m. As these effects have a low opacity, their colour will vary depending on DFT; we recommend a tightly controlled DFT range to achieve an even colour effect.		
	Gloss (ISO 2813)	70% ± 10 on a 60 degree head		
	Specific Gravity	1.40 – 1.60 g/cm ³		
	Coverage	Approximately $10 - 14 \text{ m}^2/\text{kg}$ at 60 microns film thickness.		
	Storage & Shelf Life	When stored in a cool (< 20° C), dry environment: 12 months.		
	Curing Schedule	Typically 10 minutes at 160 Celsius (object temperature) see box label for exact curing conditions. Luminescent pigments are sensitive to heat and overbake.		
Pretreatment	To ensure maximum adhesion the substrate must be thoroughly clean, free from grease, oil, rust, scale or any other contaminant. Cleaning may be carried out either by shot blasting, solvent or che degreasing. For applications where high corrosion or chemical resistance is required the substrate be chemically treated prior to powder coating, typically:			
	Ferrous substrates Zinc coated steel Aluminium	inc coated steel zinc phosphate or chromate conversion		
Mechanical Tests	Unless otherwise specified, all tests were carried out under laboratory conditions on 0.8mm degreased and zinc phosphated steel panels. A powder coating DFT of 60-70 microns was applied over a base coat of RAL 9016 827 Architectural Polyester to 60-70 microns.			
	Hardness	ISO 2815 Buchholtz Indentation >80		
	Flexibility	ISO 1519 Cylindrical Mandrel Pass >5mm		

HMG Powder Coatings Ltd (HMG) decline any liability with respect to the use made by anyone of the information contained herein. The information contained herein represents HMG's best knowledge thereon without constituting any express or implied guarantee or warranty of any kind (including, but not limited to, regarding the accuracy, the completeness or relevance of the data set out herein). HMG is the sole owner or authorised user of the intellectual property rights relating to the information communicated. The information relating to the use of the products is given for information purposes only. No guarantee or warranty is provided that the product is adapted for any specific use. The user or purchaser should perform its own tests to determine the suitability for a particular purpose. The final choice of use of a product remains the sole responsibility of the user.

Luminescent Polyester

	Adhesion	ISO 2409 2mm Crosshatch	Pass Gt0	
	Cupping	ISO 1520 Erichsen	Pass >5mm	
	Impact	BS 3900: Part E7	>25kg cm (N)	
Corrosion and Durability	Neutral Salt Fog	ASTM B117 (500 hours)	Corrosion creep <2mm from scratch Adhesion – Gt0	
	Boiling Water	2 hours boiling water	No defects or detachments	
	Humidity	BS 3900 Part F2	More than 1000 hours without effect	
	Exterior Durability	After 12 months, minimal loss of gloss. No film breakdown or reduction in protective properties. Owing to the pigment's inherent reactivity with ultraviolet light, when sited outside they will degrade (lose their brightness) over time.		
	Chemical Resistance	cal Resistance Resistant to most acids, alkalis and oils.		
Fire Resistance	Construction			
	The range has been tested to the requirements of EN 13823 and ISO 1716 and is classified as A2 s1 d0 according to EN 13501-1			
	Rail			
	Additional to the above, the range has been tested to EN 45545-2+A1 Annex C and meets the requirements of London Underground S1085 'Fire Safety Performance of Materials'			
Colour Availability	A selection of colours is available ex stock as part of the Signature Finish™ range. Other colours are available on request.			
	available off request.			
Application Tips	The coating may be ap be dependent on the u will result in a more in	underlying substrate colour and the tense colour, but with decreasing t asecoat, though other colours, such	As the effect is translucent the final colour will e film thickness of the coating (a higher film build ranslucency). Excellent results are obtained as a chrome effect powder coating or a	
Application Tips	The coating may be ap be dependent on the u will result in a more in using a bright white ba	underlying substrate colour and the tense colour, but with decreasing t asecoat, though other colours, such	e film thickness of the coating (a higher film build ranslucency). Excellent results are obtained	
Application Tips	The coating may be ap be dependent on the u will result in a more in using a bright white ba polished metal surface Tips • When over-o to a groundin resistance of	underlying substrate colour and the tense colour, but with decreasing t asecoat, though other colours, such e may be used. coating, ensure the electrical earth ng rod and grounding clamp assem	e film thickness of the coating (a higher film build ranslucency). Excellent results are obtained as a chrome effect powder coating or a is sound. We recommend connecting the work bly rather than the spray gun. In any case, a nd <1.0 megaohm is vital. A poor electrical	
Application Tips	The coating may be ap be dependent on the u will result in a more in using a bright white ba polished metal surface Tips • When over-or to a groundin resistance of earth will res • When over-or	underlying substrate colour and the tense colour, but with decreasing t asecoat, though other colours, such e may be used. coating, ensure the electrical earth ng rod and grounding clamp assem f <0.5 megaohm is recommended a sult in poor penetration into the co coating, select the correct gun setti	e film thickness of the coating (a higher film build ranslucency). Excellent results are obtained as a chrome effect powder coating or a is sound. We recommend connecting the work bly rather than the spray gun. In any case, a ind <1.0 megaohm is vital. A poor electrical rners and recesses.	
Application Tips	The coating may be ap be dependent on the u will result in a more in using a bright white ba polished metal surface Tips • When over-over-over-over-over-over-over-over-	underlying substrate colour and the tense colour, but with decreasing t asecoat, though other colours, such e may be used. coating, ensure the electrical earth ng rod and grounding clamp assem f <0.5 megaohm is recommended a sult in poor penetration into the co coating, select the correct gun setti voltage (kV) at the gun tip.	e film thickness of the coating (a higher film build ranslucency). Excellent results are obtained as a chrome effect powder coating or a is sound. We recommend connecting the work bly rather than the spray gun. In any case, a ind <1.0 megaohm is vital. A poor electrical rners and recesses.	
Application Tips	The coating may be ap be dependent on the u will result in a more in using a bright white ba polished metal surface Tips • When over-over-over-over-over-over-over-over-	underlying substrate colour and the tense colour, but with decreasing t asecoat, though other colours, such e may be used. coating, ensure the electrical earth ng rod and grounding clamp assem f <0.5 megaohm is recommended a sult in poor penetration into the co coating, select the correct gun setti voltage (kV) at the gun tip. ting first to determine the best film uned by careful DFT control.	e film thickness of the coating (a higher film build ranslucency). Excellent results are obtained as a chrome effect powder coating or a is sound. We recommend connecting the work bly rather than the spray gun. In any case, a ind <1.0 megaohm is vital. A poor electrical rners and recesses. ngs. Most guns have an 'overcoat' setting which thickness for your application; the final colour	
Application Tips	The coating may be ap be dependent on the u will result in a more in using a bright white ba polished metal surface Tips • When over-or to a groundin resistance of earth will res • When over-or reduces the • Test the coat can be fine-t • Consider the as they are d • Increase the	underlying substrate colour and the tense colour, but with decreasing t asecoat, though other colours, such e may be used. coating, ensure the electrical earth ng rod and grounding clamp assem f <0.5 megaohm is recommended a sult in poor penetration into the co coating, select the correct gun setti voltage (kV) at the gun tip. ting first to determine the best film uned by careful DFT control. e applicability of the gun nozzle. Fla lirectional, may give colour striation distance from the gun to the part;	e film thickness of the coating (a higher film build ranslucency). Excellent results are obtained as a chrome effect powder coating or a is sound. We recommend connecting the work bly rather than the spray gun. In any case, a ind <1.0 megaohm is vital. A poor electrical rners and recesses. ngs. Most guns have an 'overcoat' setting which thickness for your application; the final colour at nozzles are useful for getting into corners, but ns caused by varying film thicknesses. provided the electrical earth is good, the candy	
Application Tips	The coating may be ap be dependent on the u will result in a more in using a bright white ba polished metal surface Tips • When over-or to a groundin resistance of earth will res • When over-or reduces the • Test the coat can be fine-t • Consider the as they are d • Increase the colour will ba	underlying substrate colour and the tense colour, but with decreasing t asecoat, though other colours, such e may be used. coating, ensure the electrical earth ng rod and grounding clamp assem f <0.5 megaohm is recommended a sult in poor penetration into the co coating, select the correct gun setti voltage (kV) at the gun tip. ting first to determine the best film cuned by careful DFT control. e applicability of the gun nozzle. Fla lirectional, may give colour striation	e film thickness of the coating (a higher film build ranslucency). Excellent results are obtained as a chrome effect powder coating or a is sound. We recommend connecting the work bly rather than the spray gun. In any case, a ind <1.0 megaohm is vital. A poor electrical rners and recesses. ngs. Most guns have an 'overcoat' setting which thickness for your application; the final colour at nozzles are useful for getting into corners, but ns caused by varying film thicknesses. provided the electrical earth is good, the candy at a more even film build.	
Application Tips	The coating may be ap be dependent on the u will result in a more in using a bright white ba polished metal surface Tips • When over-or to a groundin resistance of earth will res • When over-or reduces the • Test the coat can be fine-t • Consider the as they are d • Increase the colour will bo • Do not over-	underlying substrate colour and the tense colour, but with decreasing t asecoat, though other colours, such e may be used. coating, ensure the electrical earth ng rod and grounding clamp assem f <0.5 megaohm is recommended a sult in poor penetration into the co coating, select the correct gun setti voltage (kV) at the gun tip. ting first to determine the best film uned by careful DFT control. e applicability of the gun nozzle. Fla lirectional, may give colour striation distance from the gun to the part; e attracted to the part and deposit bake these products. Their colour forms to the Restriction of the Use ent Regulations Directives. Refer to	e film thickness of the coating (a higher film build ranslucency). Excellent results are obtained as a chrome effect powder coating or a is sound. We recommend connecting the work bly rather than the spray gun. In any case, a ind <1.0 megaohm is vital. A poor electrical rners and recesses. ngs. Most guns have an 'overcoat' setting which thickness for your application; the final colour at nozzles are useful for getting into corners, but ns caused by varying film thicknesses. provided the electrical earth is good, the candy at a more even film build. will darken dramatically.	



HMG Powder Coatings Ltd (HMG) decline any liability with respect to the use made by anyone of the information contained herein. The information contained herein represents HMG's best knowledge thereon without constituting any express or implied guarantee or warranty of any kind (including, but not limited to, regarding the accuracy, the completeness or relevance of the data set out herein). HMG is the sole owner or authorised user of the intellectual property rights relating to the information communicated. The information relating to the use of the product is given for information purposes only. No guarantee or warranty is provided that the product is adapted for any specific use. The user or purchaser should perform its own tests to determine the suitability for a particular purpose. The final choice of use of a product remains the sole responsibility of the user.